

3Q 2022 Earnings Conference Call

November 4, 2022

Safe Harbor Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains certain estimates and forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and may be identified by their use of words like "plans," "expects," "will," "anticipates," "believes," "intends," "projects," "estimates," "outlook," or other words of similar meaning. All statements that address expectations or projections about the future, including statements about Corteva's financial results or outlook; strategy for growth; product development; regulatory approvals; market position; capital allocation strategy; liquidity; environmental, social and governance ("ESG") targets and initiatives; the anticipated benefits of acquisitions, restructuring actions, or cost savings initiatives; and the outcome of contingencies, such as litigation and environmental matters are forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements and other estimates are based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events which may not be accurate or realized. Forward-looking statements and other estimates also involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond Corteva's control. While the list of factors presented below is considered representative, no such list should be considered to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties. Unlisted factors may present significant additional obstacles to the realization of forward-looking statements. Consequences of material differences in results as compared with those anticipated in the forward-looking statements could include, among other things, business disruption, operational problems, financial loss, legal liability to third parties and similar risks, any of which could have a material adverse effect on Corteva's business, results of operations and financial condition. Some of the important factors that could cause Corteva's actual results to differ materially from those projected in any such forward-looking statements include: (i) failure to successfully develop and commercialize Corteva's pipeline; (ii) failure to obtain or maintain the necessary regulatory approvals for some of Corteva's products; (iii) effect of the degree of public understanding and acceptance or perceived public acceptance of Corteva's biotechnology and other agricultural products; (iv) effect of changes in agricultural and related policies of governments and international organizations; (v) effect of competition and consolidation in Corteva's industry; (vi) effect of competition from manufacturers of generic products; (vii) costs of complying with evolving regulatory requirements and the effect of actual or alleged violations of environmental laws or permit requirements; (viii) effect of climate change and unpredictable seasonal and weather factors; (ix) failure to comply with competition and antitrust laws; (x) competitor's establishment of an intermediary platform for distribution of Corteva's products; (xi) impact of Corteva's dependence on third parties with respect to certain of its raw materials or licenses and commercialization; (xii) effect of industrial espionage and other disruptions to Corteva's supply chain, information technology or network systems; (xiii) effect of volatility in Corteva's input costs; (xiv) failure to raise capital through the capital markets or short-term borrowings on terms acceptable to Corteva; (xv) failure of Corteva's customers to pay their debts to Corteva, including customer financing programs; (xvi) increases in pension and other post-employment benefit plan funding obligations; (xvii) risks related to environmental litigation and the indemnification obligations of legacy EID liabilities in connection with the separation of Corteva; (xviii) risks related to Corteva's global operations; (xix) failure to effectively manage acquisitions, divestitures, alliances, restructurings, cost savings initiatives, and other portfolio actions; (xx) capital markets sentiment towards ESG matters; (xxi) risks related to COVID-19; (xxii) Corteva's ability to recruit and retain key personnel; (xxiii) Corteva's intellectual property rights or defend against intellectual property claims asserted by others; (xxiv) effect of counterfeit products; (xxv) Corteva's dependence on intellectual property cross-license agreements; (xxvi) other risks related to the Separation from DowDuPont; and (xxvii) risks related to the Russia and Ukraine military conflict.

Additionally, there may be other risks and uncertainties that Corteva is unable to currently identify or that Corteva does not currently expect to have a material impact on its business. Where, in any forward-looking statement or other estimate, an expectation or belief as to future results or events is expressed, such expectation or belief is based on the current plans and expectations of Corteva's management and expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be achieved or accomplished. Corteva disclaims and does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as required by applicable law. A detailed discussion of some of the significant risks and uncertainties which may cause results and events to differ materially from such forward-looking statements is included in the "Risk Factors" section of Corteva's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as modified by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K.



A Reminder About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Regulation G (Non-GAAP Financial Measures)

This presentation includes information that does not conform to U.S. GAAP and are considered non-GAAP measures. These measures may include organic sales, organic growth (including by segment and region), operating EBITDA, operating EBITDA margin, operating earnings (loss) per share, and base income tax rate. Management uses these measures internally for planning and forecasting, including allocating resources and evaluating incentive compensation. Management believes that these non-GAAP measures best reflect the ongoing performance of the Company during the periods presented and provide more relevant and meaningful information to investors as they provide insight with respect to ongoing operating results of the Company and a more useful comparison of year over year results.

These non-GAAP measures supplement the Company's U.S. GAAP disclosures and should not be viewed as an alternative to U.S. GAAP measures of performance. Furthermore, such non-GAAP measures may not be consistent with similar measures provided or used by other companies. Reconciliations for these non-GAAP measures to U.S. GAAP are provided on slides 25 – 34 of this presentation.

Corteva is not able to reconcile its forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures to its most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures, as it is unable to predict with reasonable certainty items outside of the company's control, such as Significant Items, without unreasonable effort. For Significant Items reported in the periods presented, refer to slide 27. Beginning January 1, 2020, the Company presents accelerated prepaid royalty amortization expense as a significant item. Accelerated prepaid royalty amortization represents the noncash charge associated with the recognition of upfront payments made to Monsanto in connection with the Company's non-exclusive license in the United States and Canada for Monsanto's Genuity® Roundup Ready 2 Yield® Roundup Ready 2 Xtend® herbicide tolerance traits. During the five-year ramp-up period of Enlist E3TM, Corteva is expected to significantly reduce the volume of products with the Roundup Ready 2 Yield® and Roundup Ready 2 Xtend® herbicide tolerance traits beginning in 2021, with expected minimal use of the trait platform after the completion of the ramp-up. Additionally, in connection with the Company's shift to a global business unit model, the Company has assessed its business priorities and operational structure to maximize the customer experience and deliver on growth and earnings potential. As a result of this assessment, the company has committed to restructuring actions that, combined with the impact of the company's separate announcement to withdraw from Russia and stop production and business activities ("Russia Exit") (collectively the "2022 Restructuring Actions"), have resulted in expected total pre-tax restructuring and other charges of approximately \$350 million to \$420 million. The restructuring actions associated with these charges are expected to be substantially complete in 2023.

Organic sales is defined as price and volume and excludes currency and portfolio impacts. Operating EBITDA is defined as earnings (loss) (i.e., income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes) before interest, depreciation, amortization, non-operating benefits (costs), foreign exchange gains (losses), and net unrealized gain or loss from mark-to-market activity for certain foreign currency derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting, excluding the impact of significant items. Non-operating benefits (costs) consists of non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) benefits (costs), tax indemnification adjustments, and environmental remediation and legal costs associated with legacy businesses and sites. Tax indemnification adjustments relate to changes in indemnification balances, as a result of the application of the terms of the Tax Matters Agreement, between Corteva and Dow and/or DuPont that are recorded by the Company as pre-tax income or expense. Operating EBITDA margin is defined as Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales. Operating earnings (loss) per share is defined as "earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations - diluted" excluding the after-tax impact of significant items, the after-tax impact of non-operating benefits (costs), the after-tax impact of significant items, the after-tax impact of non-operating benefits (costs), the after-tax impact of non-operating benefits (costs),

The Company also uses Free Cash Flow as non-GAAP measure to evaluate and discuss its liquidity position and ability to generate cash. Free Cash Flow is defined as cash from operating activities, less capital expenditures. We believe that Free Cash Flow provides investors with meaningful information regarding the Company's ongoing ability to generate cash through core operations, and our ability to service our indebtedness, pay dividends (when declared), make share repurchases, and meet our ongoing cash needs for our operations.



CEO Messages

Progress on Strategic Initiatives

- Announced plans to exit non-strategic geographies and product lines
- Continued steps to improve cost structure, including restructuring actions and manufacturing footprint reduction
- Advanced investments in Biologicals with Symborg acquisition

Strong Financial Performance

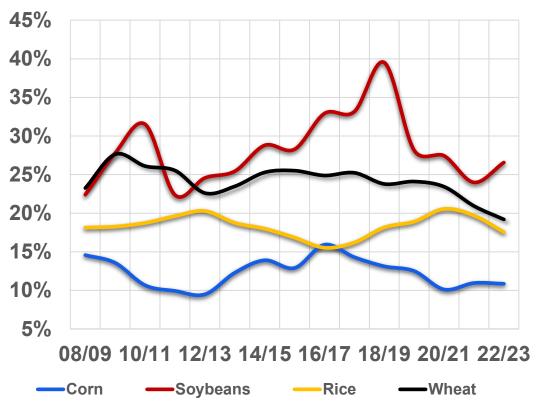
- Delivered double digit organic⁽¹⁾ revenue growth and >190 basis points of Operating EBITDA margin⁽¹⁾ expansion YTD
- Raising mid-point of FY Operating EBITDA⁽¹⁾ guidance⁽²⁾; reaffirming Net Sales guidance
- Constructive set-up for 2023, including positive ag fundamentals

Accelerating Performance and Growth



Agricultural Sector Market Outlook

Global Stocks-to-Use Ratio (Ex-China)



Source: USDA October 2022

Strong Ag Fundamentals

- Farm price for grains and oilseeds remain above historic average levels, supporting 2022 / 2023 farm income
- 2023 planted area expected to be up in most major cropproducing regions

Global Grain and Oilseed Stocks Remain Tight

- Weather in Northern Hemisphere and Latin America negatively impacting 2022 harvested yields
- Trade disruptions in the Black Sea could add further uncertainty to an already fragile supply chain

Inflation Continues

- Energy prices remain above long-term averages
- Rate increases, FX, geopolitical escalations, and other policy changes are driving short-term Ag price volatility

Ag Outlook Remains Robust Despite Volatility



2022 YTD Financial Performance

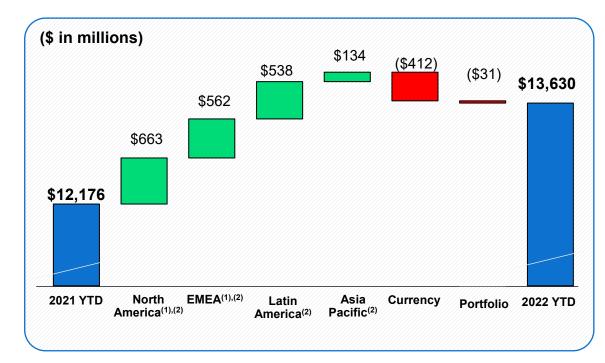
Metric	3Q 2022	2022 YTD	YTD Highlights
Net Sales	\$2.78B < ○ 17%	\$13.63B	Strong market demand and pricing drove net sales growth in Seed and Crop Protection
Organic ⁽¹⁾ Sales	\$2.88B <a href="</td"><td>\$14.07B <○ 16%</td><td>Double-digit organic⁽¹⁾ growth in all regions led by demand for technology and pricing gains</td>	\$14.07B < ○ 16%	Double-digit organic ⁽¹⁾ growth in all regions led by demand for technology and pricing gains
Operating EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$96M <a>♠ 288%	\$2.85B <a>→ 23%	Pricing, new technology, and productivity partially offset by cost headwinds and currency
Operating EBITDA Margin ⁽¹⁾	☆ 561 bps	193 bps	Margin ⁽¹⁾ expansion on pricing/mix and productivity in both segments and Crop Protection volume gains

Strong Execution Driving YTD Results



2022 YTD Regional Highlights

2022 YTD Net Sales



Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
6%	10%	(4)%	- %

North America⁽¹⁾

Reported 10% Organic⁽²⁾ 11%

- Seed organic⁽²⁾ growth of 4% on pricing gains, partially offset by lower corn acres and canola supply constraints
- Crop Protection organic⁽²⁾ growth of 30% on pricing gains, strong market demand

Latin America

Reported • 25% Organic⁽²⁾ • 24%

- Seed organic⁽²⁾ growth of 9% driven by pricing gains, partially offset by supply constraints
- Crop Protection organic⁽²⁾ growth of 34% on strong demand for new products, pricing gains

EMEA(1)

Reported 17% Organic⁽²⁾ 21%

- Seed organic⁽²⁾ growth of 17% on strong pricing and customer demand, lower returns
- Crop Protection organic⁽²⁾ growth of 25% led by ArylexTM herbicide, InatreqTM fungicide

Asia Pacific

Reported 15% Organic⁽²⁾ 12%

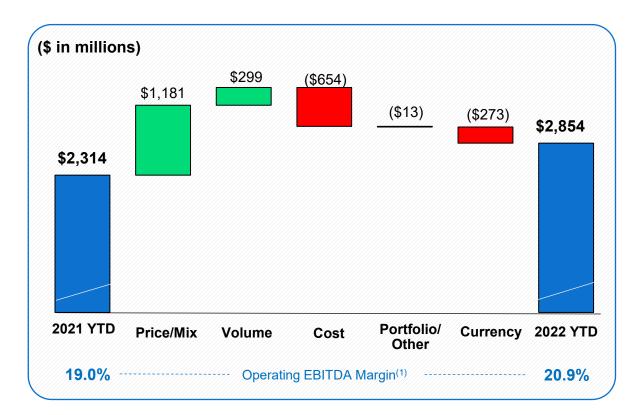
- Seed organic⁽²⁾ growth of 27% on strong pricing and recovery of corn planted area
- Crop Protection organic⁽²⁾ growth of 7% led by RinskorTM herbicide and ZorvecTM fungicide

Double-Digit Organic⁽²⁾ Growth in Every Region



2022 YTD Operating EBITDA(1) Drivers

2022 YTD Bridge



Key Drivers

Price/Mix and Volume

- Pricing for higher commodity and raw material costs, coupled with new and differentiated technology
- Global corn price +7%
- Volume gains in EMEA⁽²⁾ corn and sunflower and North America⁽²⁾ soybeans were partially offset by fewer corn acres, canola supply constraints in North America
- Earnings growth from >\$470M of incremental new Crop Protection product sales

Cost

- ~(\$830M) market-driven inflation and other costs
- Productivity actions delivered ~\$175M in savings

Portfolio / Other

 Primarily due to unfavorable year-over-year impact from the remeasurement of a previously held equity investment

Margin Improvement

 >190 bps EBITDA margin⁽¹⁾ improvement

Margin⁽¹⁾ Expansion on Pricing, Best-In-Class Technology



Full Year 2022 Guidance⁽¹⁾

	Guidance	
	Q2 Guide	Q3 Guide
Net Sales	\$17.2B - \$17.5B	\$17.2B - \$17.5B
	At Mid-Point 🕜 ~11%	At Mid-Point
Operating EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$2.95B - \$3.1B At Mid-Point ••••••••••	\$3.0B - \$3.1B At Mid-Point • ~18%
Op. EBITDA margin ⁽²⁾ ∆	~100 bps	~110 bps
Operating EPS ⁽²⁾	\$2.45 - \$2.60 At Mid-Point ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	\$2.45 - \$2.60 At Mid-Point ••••••••••

Key Drivers

- Broad based organic growth with ~\$500M incremental sales from new Crop Protection products, ~(3)% currency headwind
- Average high-single digit pricing gains globally and favorable mix, offsetting ~\$1B of marketdriven cost headwinds
- Lower estimated SG&A spend due to cost actions, coupled with lower-than-expected bad debt
- Strong operating EBITDA⁽²⁾ partially offset by FX impact

Raising Operating EBITDA⁽²⁾ Outlook on Strong YTD Performance



2023 Planning Framework

Key Driver	Headwind (-) Tailwind (+)	Comments
Currency	-	Monitoring volatility in key currencies including BRL and EUR
Inflation / Input Costs	-	Higher cost of goods, driven by commodity cost and CP raw materials, expected to moderate over the course of 2023
Latin America Seed Supply	-	1H supply pressure due to weather-related impacts
Global Planted Area	+	Expect increased corn acres in U.S.; Latin America corn area increasing low-to-mid single digits
Pricing for Value	+	Value capture on strong Seed line-up and differentiated CP products; net of higher cost of goods, pricing and mix expected to be accretive to earnings
Portfolio Optimization	+	Product and geography exits muting volume growth; margin improvement from focus on differentiated technology
Royalties	+	Acceleration of proprietary Enlist ^{TM(1)} germplasm driving ~\$100M royalty reduction
Productivity / Cost Actions	+	Savings from productivity and restructuring actions more than offset increased investment in R&D

Balanced View with Macro Headwinds



Key Takeaways

Progress on Strategic Framework, Including Portfolio Actions

Strong YTD Performance, Updating Full Year EBITDA⁽¹⁾ Guidance⁽²⁾

Continued Favorable Momentum into 2023

Positive Market Environment, Executing Well



⁾ Operating EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. Corteva is not able to reconcile its forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures to their most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures, as it is unable to predict with reasonable certainty items outside of the company's control, such as Significant Items, without unreasonable effort. See slide 3 for further discussion.

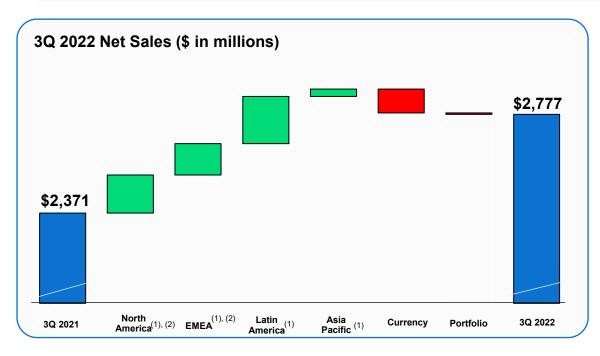
²⁾ Guidance does not contemplate any extreme weather events, operational or supply disruptions, significant changes in customers' demand or ability to pay, or further acceleration of currency and inflation impacts resulting from global economic conditions.

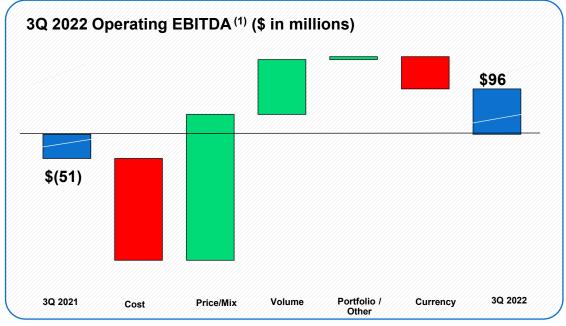
Appendix



3Q 2022 Highlights

(\$ in millions, except EPS)	3Q 2021	3Q 2022	Change
Net Sales	\$2,371	\$2,777	+17%
GAAP Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations After Income Taxes	\$36	\$(322)	n/m
Operating EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$(51)	\$96	+288%
Operating EBITDA Margin ⁽¹⁾	(2.2)%	3.5%	+561 bps
GAAP EPS from Continuing Operations	\$0.05	\$(0.45)	n/m
Operating EPS ⁽¹⁾	\$(0.14)	\$(0.12)	14%

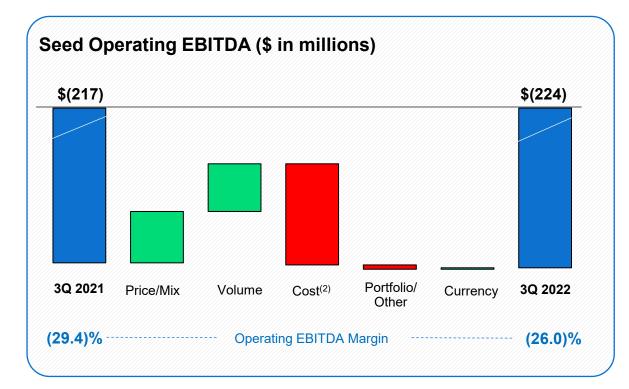




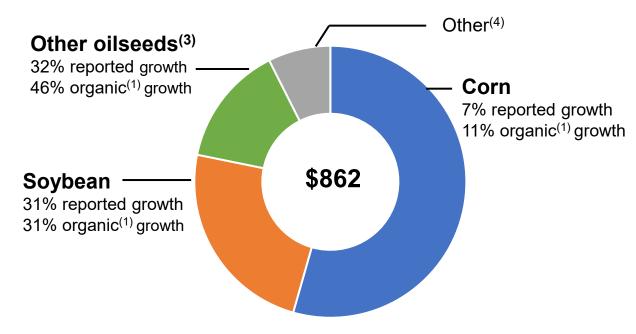


3Q 2022 Seed Performance Highlights

(\$ in millions)	3Q 2022	vPY
Net Sales	\$862	+17%
Organic ⁽¹⁾ Sales Growth		+21%
Operating EBITDA	\$(224)	(3)%
Operating EBITDA Margin	(26.0)%	+342 bps



3Q 2022 Revenue by Product Line



Summary Takeaways

- Price increases globally, led by Latin America
- Volume gains on strong demand for other oilseeds in APAC⁽⁵⁾, timing shifts in North America⁽⁵⁾
- Net cost headwind ~\$145m, primarily market-driven, more than offsetting productivity



Organic sales growth is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 3 for further discussion and reconciliations starting on slide 25.

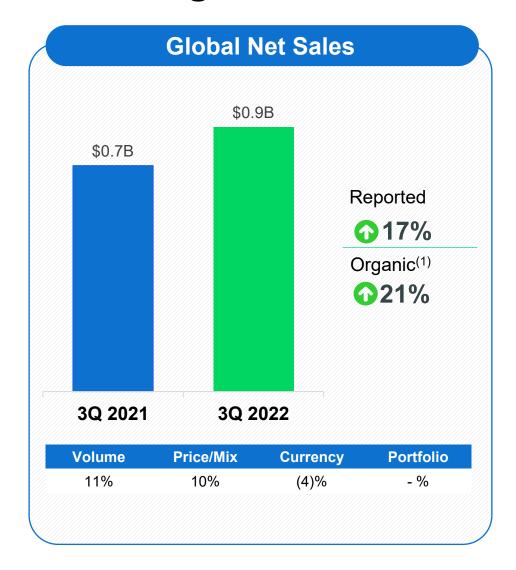
⁽²⁾ Cost is net of productivity actions

⁽²⁾ Other eileands includes sunflower and canala

O) Other onsecus morades surnower and carrola.

⁽⁴⁾ Other product line primarily includes cotton, alfalfa, sorghum, wheat, rice, inoculants, millet, and Digital.
(5) North America is defined as U.S. and Canada. EMEA is defined as Europe, Middle East and Africa. APAC is defined as Asia Pacific.

3Q 2022 Regional Net Sales Highlights – Seed



North Americ	_	Reported	Organic ⁽¹⁾ 31%
		3Q 2021	3Q 2022
Net Sales	(\$M)	\$168	\$218
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
28%	3%	(1)%	- %

- Higher volumes on later start to the season for corn, soybeans
- Pricing gains driven by strong execution

Reported

Organic⁽¹⁾

EMEA ⁽²	2)	3%	16%
		3Q 2021	3Q 2022
Net Sales (\$M)		\$153	\$157
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
9%	7%	(13)%	- %

- Volume gains driven by strong demand for canola
- Pricing gains driven by new technology

Latin America		Reported 15%	Organic ⁽¹⁾
		3Q 2021	3Q 2022
Net Sales	(\$M)	\$334	\$383
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
1%	14%	- %	- %

- Strong execution, new technology driving price gains
- Volumes driven by higher Brazil summer season corn sales

Asia Pacific	Reported 25%	Organic ⁽¹⁾
	3Q 2021	3Q 2022

Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
21%	12%	(8)%	- %

\$83

\$104

Volume gains driven by robust other oilseed sales in India

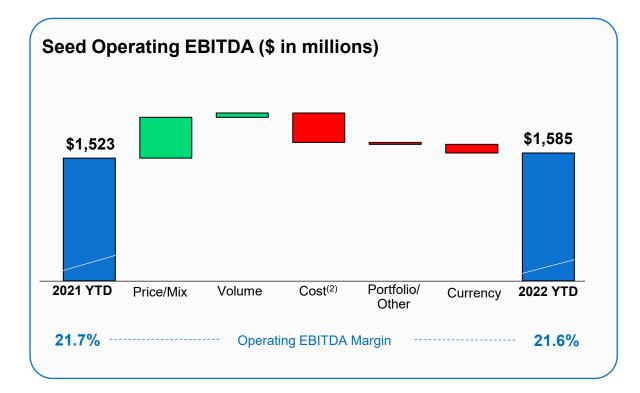
Net Sales (\$M)

Pricing gains on strong execution, primarily in corn

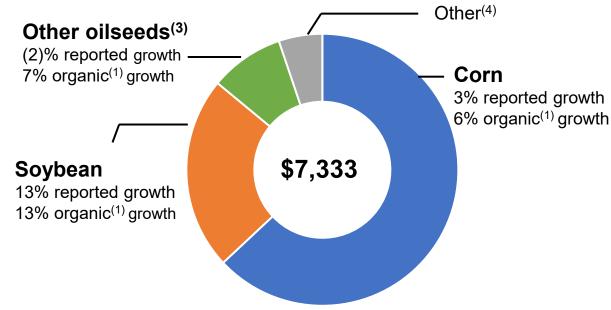


2022 YTD Seed Performance Highlights

(\$ in millions)	2022 YTD	vPY
Net Sales	\$7,333	+5%
Organic ⁽¹⁾ Sales Growth		+8%
Operating EBITDA	\$1,585	+4%
Operating EBITDA Margin	21.6%	(11) bps



2022 YTD Revenue by Product Line



Summary Takeaways

- Price increases globally, led by North America⁽⁵⁾, EMEA⁽⁵⁾
- Gains in EMEA⁽⁵⁾, North America⁽⁵⁾ soy largely offset by fewer corn acres, canola supply constraints in North America⁽⁵⁾
- Net cost headwind ~\$365M, primarily market-driven, more than offsetting productivity



¹⁾ Organic sales growth is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 3 for further discussion and reconciliations starting on slide 25.

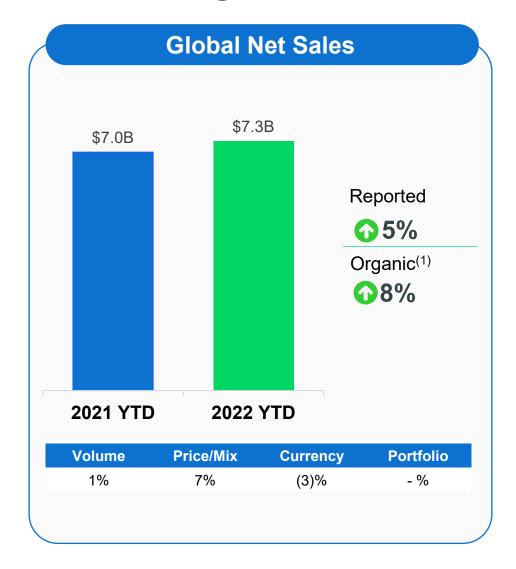
⁽²⁾ Cost is net of productivity actions

⁽²⁾ Other eileands includes sunflower and canala

b) Other oilseeds includes sunflower and canola.

⁽⁴⁾ Other product line primarily includes cotton, alfalfa, sorghum, wheat, rice, inoculants, millet, and Digital. (5) North America is defined as U.S. and Canada. EMEA is defined as Europe, Middle East and Africa.

2022 YTD Regional Net Sales Highlights – Seed



North Americ	a ⁽²⁾	Reported 3%	Organic ⁽¹⁾
		2021 YTD	2022 YTD
Net Sales	(\$M)	\$4,482	\$4,637
Volume	Price/Mix	x Currency	/ Portfolio

Fewer corn acres, canola supply constraints driving lower volumes despite increase in soybean acres

6%

(2)%

Pricing gains driven by strong execution, with corn prices up 6%, soy prices up 8%

Reported

(1)%

- %

Organic⁽¹⁾

EMEA ⁽²⁾	0 3%	17 %
	2021 YTD	2022 YTD
Net Sales (\$M)	\$1,398	\$1,442
Volume Drice/M	Currency	. Doubfolio

Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
5%	12%	(14)%	- %

- Pricing gains driven by strong execution, with corn prices up 11%
- Unfavorable currency impacts primarily driven by Turkish Lira and Euro

	Latin America	l	Reported 8%	Organic ⁽¹⁾
			2021 YTD	2022 YTD
	Net Sales	(\$M)	\$842	\$912
	Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
	1%	8%	(1)%	- %
_	_			

- Volumes pressured on supply constraints in Brazil
- Strong execution, new technology driving price gains

Asia	Reported	Organic ⁽¹⁾
Pacific	19%	27 %

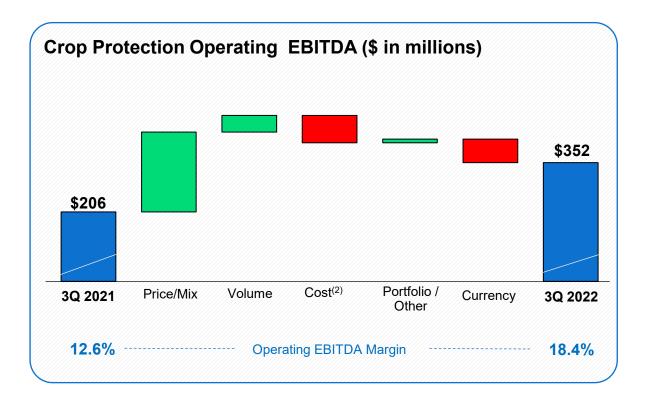
		2021 YTD	2022 YTD
Net Sales (\$M)		\$288	\$342
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
15%	12%	(8)%	- %

- Volume gains driven by strong other oilseed sales in India, recovery of corn acreage in key regions
- Strong price execution in key regions

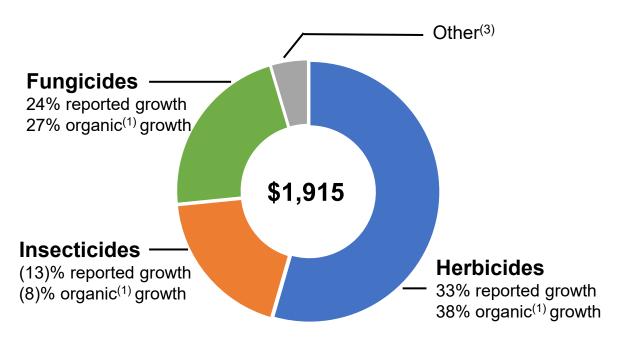


3Q 2022 Crop Protection Highlights

(\$ in millions)	3Q 2022	vPY
Net Sales	\$1,915	+17%
Organic ⁽¹⁾ Sales Growth		+22%
Operating EBITDA	\$352	+71%
Operating EBITDA Margin	18.4%	+577 bps



3Q 2022 Revenue by Product Line



Summary Takeaways

- Strong price execution globally, led by Latin America and North America⁽⁴⁾
- New product sales increased \$75M, up 24% vPY
- Net cost headwind ~\$85M, primarily market-driven, more than offsetting productivity



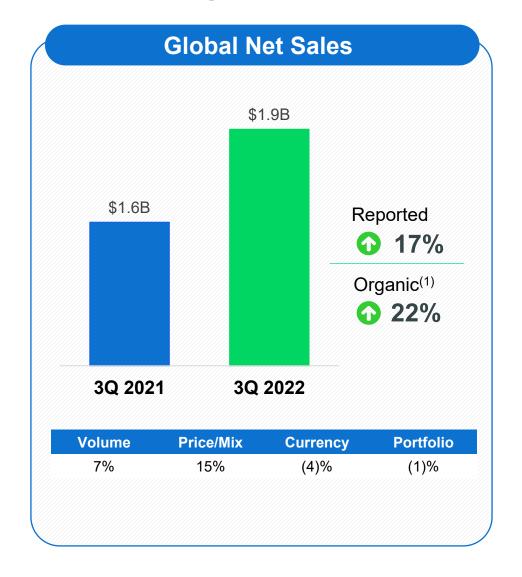
⁽¹⁾ Organic sales growth is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 3 for further discussion and reconciliations starting on slide 25.

⁽²⁾ Cost is net of productivity actions.

⁽³⁾ Other product line primarily includes seed applied technology.

⁽⁴⁾ North America is defined as U.S. and Canada.

3Q 2022 Regional Net Sales Highlights – Crop Protection



North America	a ⁽²⁾	Reported 23%	Organic ⁽¹⁾ 25%
		3Q 2021	3Q 2022
Net Sales ((\$M)	\$422	\$521
Volume	Price/Mix	x Currency	Portfolio
8%	17%	(1)%	(1)%

- Volume gains on continued demand for new products, including Enlist[™] herbicide
- Price increases to offset rising raw material costs

 $EMEA^{(2)}$

		U 23 /0	U TT /0
		3Q 2021	3Q 2022
Net Sales	(\$M)	\$237	\$297
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
32%	12%	(19)%	- %

Reported

A 25%

Organic(1)

14%

- Pricing execution coupled with continued penetration of new and differentiated products, including Qalcova[™] active
- Unfavorable currency impacts primarily driven by Euro

Latin America	A A O O A		Organic ⁽¹⁾ 19%
		3Q 2021	3Q 2022
Net Sales	(\$M)	\$763	\$898
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
2%	17%	(1)%	- %

- Strong demand for new products, including Onmira[™] fungicide, partially offset by early demand in 2Q
- Strong execution on pricing

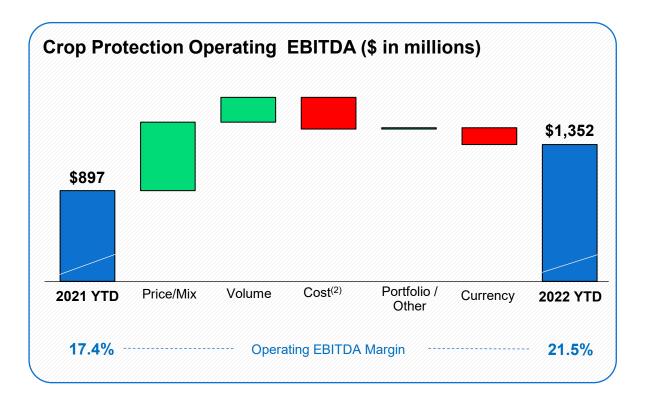
Asia Pacific		Reported 6%	Organic ⁽¹⁾ 1%
		3Q 2021	3Q 2022
Net Sales	(\$M)	\$211	\$199
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
(4)%	5%	(6)%	(1)%

- Volume declines driven by wet weather, low pest pressure in India, Japan
- Strong execution on pricing

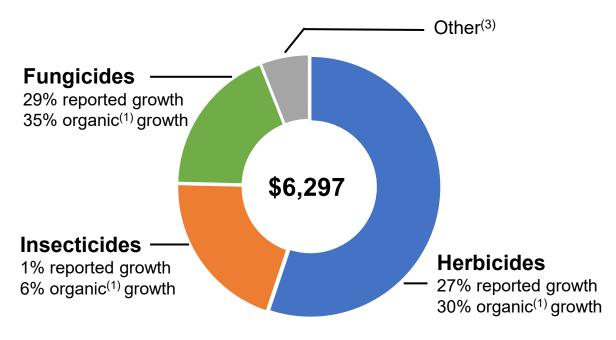


2022 YTD Crop Protection Highlights

(\$ in millions)	2022 YTD	vPY
Net Sales	\$6,297	+22%
Organic ⁽¹⁾ Sales Growth		+26%
Operating EBITDA	\$1,352	+51%
Operating EBITDA Margin	21.5%	+411 bps



2022 YTD Revenue by Product Line



Summary Takeaways

- Strong price execution globally, led by North America⁽⁴⁾ and Latin America
- New product sales increased >\$470M, up ~50% vPY
- Net cost headwind ~\$315M, primarily market-driven, more than offsetting productivity



⁾ Organic sales growth is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 3 for further discussion and reconciliations starting on slide 25.

⁽²⁾ Cost is net of productivity actions

⁽³⁾ Other product line primarily includes seed applied technology.

⁽⁴⁾ North America is defined as U.S. and Canada.

2022 YTD 2022 Regional Net Sales Highlights – Crop Protection



North Americ		Reported 29%	Organic ⁽¹⁾		
		2021 YTD	2022 YTD		
Net Sales (\$M)		\$1,693	\$2,185		
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio		
12%	18%	(1)%	- %		

- Demand for new products driving double-digit organic⁽¹⁾ growth in herbicides, fungicides
- Price increases to offset rising raw material costs

	Reported	Organic ⁽¹⁾
$MEA^{(2)}$	11%	0 25%

	2021 YTD	2022 YTD
Net Sales (\$M)	\$1,304	\$1,452

Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
18%	7%	(14)%	- %

- Pricing execution coupled with continued penetration of new products, including Arylex[™] herbicide, Inatreq[™] fungicide
- Unfavorable currency impacts primarily driven by Euro and Turkish Lira

Latin America	1	Reported 36%	Organic ⁽¹⁾ 34%
		2021 YTD	2022 YTD
Net Sales	(\$M)	\$1,361	\$1,852
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio
16%	18%	2%	- %

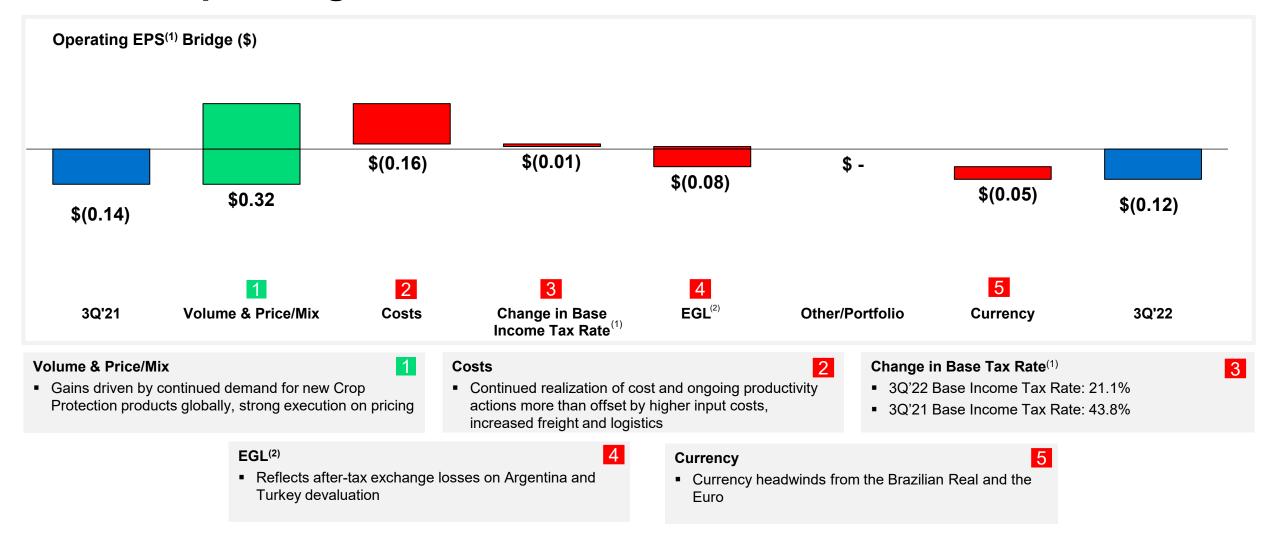
- Strong demand for new products, including Onmira[™] fungicide and Zorvec[™] fungicide
- Strong execution on pricing

Asia Pacific		Reported - %	Organic ⁽¹⁾		
		2021 YTD	2022 YTD		
Net Sales (\$M)		\$808	\$808		
Volume	Price/Mix	Currency	Portfolio		
2%	5%	(4)%	(3)%		

- Demand for new products, including Rinskor[™] herbicide, driving price and volume gains
- Portfolio impact due to fungicide divestiture

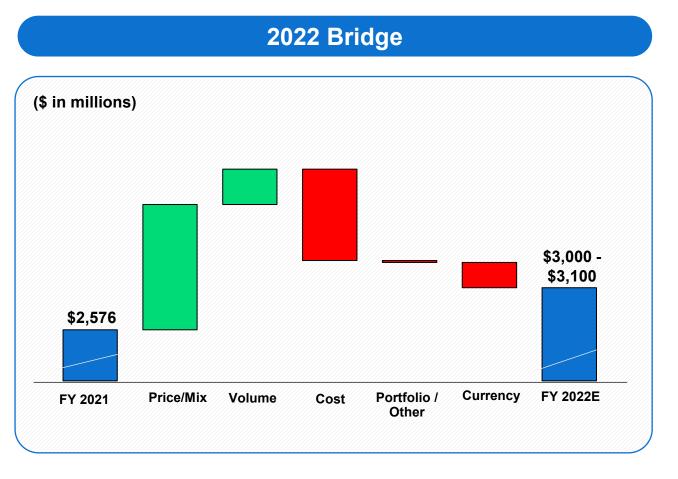


3Q 2022 Operating EPS⁽¹⁾ Variance





2022 Operating EBITDA⁽¹⁾ Bridge



Key Assumptions

Price/Mix and Volume

- Global pricing to outpace cost inflation for total company
- EnlistTM penetration >45% of U.S. soybean acres
- ~\$500M of incremental new products sales for Crop Protection

Cost

- ~\$450M of Seed COGS impact, mostly higher commodity prices in North America and Brazil
- ~\$550M of market-driven inflation in Crop Protection, mostly raw materials and other inputs
- *\$200M of productivity partially offsetting market-driven inflation

Currency

Stronger USD driving ~\$280M in translation impact



FY 2022 Modeling Guidance – Operating Earnings Per Share⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions, except where noted)	Guidance
Depreciation	(515 - 525)
Interest Income	100 – 110
Interest Expense	(75 – 85)
Base Income Tax Rate ⁽¹⁾	20% - 21%
Exchange Losses – net, after tax	(210 – 230)
Net Income – Non-controlling interest	(11)
Diluted Shares	~724 – 726
Operating Earnings Per Share ⁽¹⁾	~\$2.45 – 2.60

(\$ in millions, except where noted)	Cash Flow Guidance
Amortization	~\$715
Capital Expenditures	~\$645



Non-GAAP Calculation of Corteva Operating EBITDA

		Т	hree Months En	ded September 30),	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		202	22	20)21	20	22	2021		
In millions	As R	eported	Margin %	As Reported Margin %		As Reported	Margin %	As Reported	Margin %	
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of tax (GAAP)	\$	(322)	-11.6%	\$ 36	1.5%	\$ 1,257	9.2%	\$ 1,667	13.7%	
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes on continuing operations		(74)	-2.7%	(28)	-1.2%	372	2.7%	434	3.6%	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes (GAAP)	\$	(396)	-14.3%	\$ 8	0.3%	\$ 1,629	12.0%	\$ 2,101	17.3%	
+ Depreciation and Amortization		310	11.2%	309	13.0%	919	6.7%	926	7.6%	
- Interest income		(36)	-1.3%	(19)	-0.8%	(75)	-0.6%	(58)	-0.5%	
+ Interest expense		18	0.6%	8	0.3%	43	0.3%	22	0.2%	
+/- Exchange (gains) losses		13	0.5%	(2)	-0.1%	96	0.7%	47	0.4%	
+/- Non-operating (benefits) costs		(9)	-0.3%	(315)	-13.3%	(134)	-1.0%	(941)	-7.7%	
+/- Mark-to-market (gains) losses on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges		(6)	-0.2%	(19)	-0.8%	(3)	0.0%	3	0.0%	
+/- Significant items (benefit) charge		202	7.3%	(21)	-0.9%	379	2.8%	214	1.8%	
Corteva Operating EBITDA / EBITDA Margin (Non-GAAP) 1,2	\$	96	3.5%	\$ (51)	-2.2%	\$ 2,854	20.9%	\$ 2,314	19.0%	

^{1.} Corteva Operating EBITDA is defined as earnings (loss) (i.e., income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes) before interest, depreciation, amortization, non-operating benefits (costs), foreign exchange gains (losses), and net unrealized gain or loss from mark-to-market activity for certain foreign currency derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting, excluding the impact of significant items. Non-operating benefits (costs) consists of non-operating pension and OPEB benefits (costs), tax indemnification adjustments and environmental remediation and legal costs associated with legacy businesses and sites. Tax indemnification adjustments relate to changes in indemnification balances, as a result of the application of the terms of the Tax Matters Agreement, between Corteva and Dow and/or DuPont that are recorded by the company as pre-tax income or expense.

2. The EBITDA margin percentages are determined by dividing amounts in the table above for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 by net sales of \$2,777 million and \$2,371 million, respectively, and amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 by net sales of \$13,630 million and \$12,176 million, respectively. Margin percentages may not foot, due to rounding.



Segment Information

Net sales by segment

	T	hree Months En	ded S	September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
In millions	2022			2021	2022		2021		
Seed	\$	862	\$	738	\$	7,333	\$	7,010	
Crop Protection		1,915		1,633		6,297		5,166	
Total net sales	\$	2,777	\$	2,371	\$	13,630	\$	12,176	

Net Margin (GAAP)

	Three Months En	ded September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
\$ In millions	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Income (loss) from continuing operations after income taxes	\$ (322)	\$ 36	\$ 1,257	\$ 1,667			
Net Margin (GAAP) ¹	-11.6%	1.5%	9.2%	13.7%			

1. Net Margin is defined as income (loss) from continuing operations after income taxes, as a percentage of net sales.

Corteva Operating EBITDA

		Three Months En	ded Septe	mber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
In millions	2022			2021		2022		2021	
Seed	\$	(224)	\$	(217)	\$	1,585	\$	1,523	
Crop Protection		352		206		1,352		897	
Corporate		(32)		(40)		(83)		(106)	
Corteva Operating EBITDA (Non-GAAP) ²	\$	96	\$	(51)	\$	2,854	\$	2,314	

2. Corteva Operating EBITDA is defined as earnings (loss) (i.e., income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes) before interest, depreciation, amortization, non-operating benefits (costs), foreign exchange gains (losses), and net unrealized gain or loss from mark-to-market activity for certain foreign currency derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting, excluding the impact of significant items. Non-operating benefits (costs) consists of non-operating pension and OPEB benefits (costs), tax indemnification adjustments and environmental remediation and legal costs associated with legacy businesses and sites. Tax indemnification adjustments relate to changes in indemnification balances, as a result of the application of the terms of the Tax Matters Agreement, between Corteva and Dow and/or DuPont that are recorded by the company as pre-tax income or expense.

Operating EBITDA margin

	Three Months En	ded September 30,	Nine Months End	led September 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Seed	-26.0%	-29.4%	21.6%	21.7%
Crop Protection	18.4%	12.6%	21.5%	17.4%
Total Operating EBITDA margin (Non-GAAP) 3,4	3.5%	-2.2%	20.9%	19.0%

3. Operating EBITDA margin is Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales.

4. Operating EBITDA margin %'s for Corporate are not presented separately above as they are not meaningful; however, the results are included in the Total margin %'s above.



	Three Months En	ded Septemb	er 30,	1	Nine Months End	ed Septembe	r 30,
'n millions	2022		2021		2022	2	2021
Seed							
Restructuring and asset-related charges - net	\$ (66)	\$	(9)	\$	(197)	\$	(145)
Inventory write-offs	(32)		-		(33)		-
Loss on exit of non-strategic asset	-		-		(5)		-
Settlement costs associated with Russia Exit	(2)		-		(8)		-
Employee Retention Credit	6		-		6		-
Equity securities mark-to-market gain	-		47		-		47
Total Seed	\$ (94)	\$	38	\$	(237)	\$	(98)
Crop Protection							
Restructuring and asset-related charges - net	\$ (20)	\$	(8)	\$	(20)	\$	(51)
Estimated settlement expense	(40)		-		(57)		-
Gain on sale of business	15				15		
Employee Retention Credit	3				3		
Total Crop Protection	\$ (42)	\$	(8)	\$	(59)	\$	(51)
Corporate							
Restructuring and asset-related charges - net	\$ (66)	\$	(9)	\$	(83)	\$	(65)
Total Corporate	\$ (66)	\$	(9)	\$	(83)	\$	(65)
Total significant items by segment (Pretax)	\$ (202)	\$	21	\$	(379)	\$	(214)
Total tax impact of significant items ¹	37		(4)		71		47
Tax only significant items	55		- ` `		55		-

^{1.} Unless specifically addressed above, the income tax effect on significant items was calculated based upon the enacted tax laws and statutory income tax rates applicable in the tax jurisdiction(s) of the underlying non-GAAP adjustment.

(110) \$

17 \$

(253) \$



Total significant items charge, net of tax²

(167)

^{2.} Refer to page A-10 of the Financial Statement Schedules for further information on significant items, including tax only items.

Segment Information - Price, Volume Currency Analysis
Region

		Q3 2022	vs. Q3 2021			Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales Ch	Net Sales Change (GAAP)		nge (Non-GAAP) ²	Price & Product			
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
North America ¹	\$ 149	25%	\$ 157	27%	13%	14%	(1)%	(1)%
EMEA ¹	64	16%	129	33%	10%	23%	(17)%	-%
Latin America	184	17%	194	18%	16%	2%	(1)%	-%
Asia Pacific	9	3%	30	10%	7%	3%	(7)%	-%
Rest of World	257	14%	353	20%	13%	7%	(6)%	-%
Total	\$ 406	17%	\$ 510	22%	13%	9%	(4)%	(1)%

Seed

		Q3 2022	vs. Q3 2021			Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales (Change (GAAP)	Organic Chai	Organic Change (Non-GAAP) ²				
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
North America ¹	\$ 5	0 30%	\$ 52	31%	3%	28%	(1)%	-%
EMEA ¹		4 3%	25	16%	7%	9%	(13)%	-%
Latin America	4	9 15%	51	15%	14%	1%	-%	-%
Asia Pacific	2	1 25%	27	33%	12%	21%	(8)%	-%
Rest of World	7	4 13%	103	18%	12%	6%	(5)%	-%
Total	\$ 12	4 17%	\$ 155	21%	10%	11%	(4)%	-%

Crop Protection

		Q3 2022	vs. Q3 2021			Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales Cl	Net Sales Change (GAAP)		Organic Change (Non-GAAP) ²				
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
North America ¹	\$ 99	23%	\$ 105	25%	17%	8%	(1)%	(1)%
EMEA ¹	60	25%	104	44%	12%	32%	(19)%	-%
Latin America	135	18%	143	19%	17%	2%	(1)%	-%
Asia Pacific	(12)	(6)%	3	1%	5%	(4)%	(6)%	(1)%
Rest of World	183	15%	250	21%	14%	7%	(6)%	-%
Total	\$ 282	17%	\$ 355	22%	15%	7%	(4)%	(1)%



Segment Information - Price, Volume Currency Analysis

Seed Product Line

		Q3 2022	vs. Q3 2021			Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales C	Net Sales Change (GAAP)		Organic Change (Non-GAAP) ²				
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
Corn	\$ 32	7%	\$ 47	11%	5%	6%	(4)%	-%
Soybeans	48	31%	49	31%	28%	3%	-%	-%
Other oilseeds	30	32%	43	46%	7%	39%	(14)%	-%
Other	14	28%	16	32%	(2)%	34%	(4)%	-%
Total	\$ 124	17%	\$ 155	21%	10%	11%	(4)%	-%

Crop Protection Product Line

		Q3 2022	vs. Q3 2021			Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales Cl	Net Sales Change (GAAP)		nge (Non-GAAP) ²	Price & Product			
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
Herbicides	\$ 261	33%	\$ 299	38%	22%	16%	(5)%	-%
Insecticides	(53)	(13)%	(32	(8)%	6%	(14)%	(4)%	(1)%
Fungicides	82	24%	92	27%	11%	16%	(3)%	-%
Other	(8)	(8)%	(4	(4)%	3%	(7)%	(4)%	-%
Total	\$ 282	17%	\$ 355	22%	15%	7%	(4)%	(1)%



Segment Information - Price, Volume Currency Analysis Region

	Nine Months Ended	l September 30, 2022	vs. Nine Months En	ded September 30, 2021		Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales Ch	ange (GAAP)	Organic Chai	nge (Non-GAAP) ²	Price & Product			
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
North America ¹	\$ 647	10%	\$ 663	11%	9%	2%	(1)%	-%
EMEA ¹	192	7%	562	21%	9%	12%	(14)%	-%
Latin America	561	25%	538	24%	14%	10%	1%	-%
Asia Pacific	54	5%	134	12%	6%	6%	(5)%	(2)%
Rest of World	807	13%	1,234	21%	11%	10%	(7)%	(1)%
Total	\$ 1,454	12%	\$ 1,897	16%	10%	6%	(4)%	-%

Seed

	Nine Months Ende	d September 30, 2022	vs. Nine Months End	led September 30, 2021		Percent Cha	nge Due To:	
	Net Sales C	Net Sales Change (GAAP)		Organic Change (Non-GAAP) ²				
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
North America ¹	\$ 155	3%	\$ 161	4%	6%	(2)%	(1)%	-%
$EMEA^1$	44	3%	234	17%	12%	5%	(14)%	-%
Latin America	70	8%	76	9%	8%	1%	(1)%	-%
Asia Pacific	54	19%	77	27%	12%	15%	(8)%	-%
Rest of World	168	7%	387	15%	10%	5%	(8)%	-%
Total	\$ 323	5%	\$ 548	8%	7%	1%	(3)%	-%

Crop Protection

	Nine Months Ended	l September 30, 2022	vs. Nine Months End	ded September 30, 2021		Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales Ch	Net Sales Change (GAAP)		Organic Change (Non-GAAP) ²				
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
North America ¹	\$ 492	29%	\$ 502	30%	18%	12%	(1)%	-%
EMEA ¹	148	11%	328	25%	7%	18%	(14)%	-%
Latin America	491	36%	462	34%	18%	16%	2%	-%
Asia Pacific	-	-%	57	7%	5%	2%	(4)%	(3)%
Rest of World	639	18%	847	24%	10%	14%	(5)%	(1)%
Total	\$ 1,131	22%	\$ 1,349	26%	13%	13%	(4)%	-%



Segment Information - Price, Volume Currency Analysis

Seed Product Line

	Nine Months Ende	d September 30, 2022	vs. Nine Months En	ded September 30, 2021		Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales Cl	nange (GAAP)	Organic Change (Non-GAAP) ²		Price & Product			
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
Corn	\$ 116	3%	\$ 260	6%	7%	(1)%	(3)%	-%
Soybeans	191	13%	197	13%	9%	4%	-%	-%
Other oilseeds	(14)	(2)%	49	7%	7%	-%	(9)%	-%
Other	30	9%	42	12%	3%	9%	(3)%	-%
Total	\$ 323	5%	\$ 548	8%	7%	1%	(3)%	-%

Crop Protection Product Line

	Nine Months Ende	d September 30, 2022	vs. Nine Months En	ded September 30, 2021		Percent Cha	inge Due To:	
	Net Sales C	hange (GAAP)	Organic Cha	Organic Change (Non-GAAP) ²				
	\$ (millions)	%	\$ (millions)	%	Mix	Volume	Currency	Portfolio / Other
Herbicides	\$ 735	27%	\$ 823	30%	18%	12%	(3)%	-%
Insecticides	14	1%	80	6%	7%	(1)%	(5)%	-%
Fungicides	262	29%	318	35%	8%	27%	(3)%	(3)%
Other	120	47%	128	50%	9%	41%	(3)%	-%
Total	\$ 1,13	22%	\$ 1,349	26%	13%	13%	(4)%	-%

^{1.} North America is defined as U.S. and Canada. EMEA is defined as Europe, Middle East and Africa.



^{2.} Organic sales is defined as price and volume and excludes currency and portfolio impacts.

Non-GAAP Calculation of Corteva Operating EPS

	Three Months Ended September 30,				
	2022		2021	2022	2021
	\$	(millions)	\$ (millions)	EPS (diluted)	EPS (diluted)
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Corteva (GAAP)	\$	(325)	\$ 34	\$ (0.45)	\$ 0.05
Less: Non-operating benefits (costs), after tax ¹		4	242	-	0.33
Less: Amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), after tax		(137)	(140)	(0.19)	(0.18)
Less: Mark-to-market gains (losses) on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges, after tax		4	15	0.01	0.02
Less: Significant items benefit (charge), after tax		(110)	17	(0.15)	0.02
Operating Earnings (Loss) (Non-GAAP) ²	\$	(86)	\$ (100)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.14)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	\$ (millions)	\$ (millions)	EPS (diluted)	EPS (diluted)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Corteva (GAAP)	\$ 1,248	\$ 1,659	\$ 1.72	\$ 2.23	
Less: Non-operating benefits (costs), after tax ¹	96	716	0.13	0.96	
Less: Amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), after tax	(414	(423)	(0.57)	(0.57)	
Less: Mark-to-market gains (losses) on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges, after tax	2	(2)	0.01	-	
Less: Significant items benefit (charge), after tax	(253	(167)	(0.35)	(0.22)	
Operating Earnings (Loss) (Non-GAAP) ²	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,535	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.06	

^{1.} Non-operating benefits (costs) consists of non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) benefits (costs), tax indemnification adjustments, and environmental remediation and legal costs associated with legacy businesses and sites. Tax indemnification adjustments relate to changes in indemnification balances, as a result of the application of the terms of the Tax Matters Agreement, between Corteva and Dow and/or DuPont that are recorded by the Company as pre-tax income or expense.

^{2.} Operating earnings (loss) is defined as income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Corteva excluding the after-tax impact of significant items, non-operating benefits (costs), amortization of intangible assets (existing as of Separation), and net unrealized gain or loss from mark-to-market activity for certain foreign currency derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting. Although amortization of intangible assets (existing as of Separation) is excluded from these non-GAAP measures, management believes it is important for investors to understand that such intangible assets contribute to revenue generation. Amortization of intangible assets that relate to past acquisitions will recur in future periods until such intangible assets have been fully amortized. Any future acquisitions may result in amortization of additional intangible assets. Net unrealized gain or loss from mark-to-market activity for certain foreign currency derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting represents the non-cash net gain (loss) from charges in fair value of certain undesignated foreign currency derivative contracts. Upon settlement, which is within the same calendar year of execution of the contract, the realized gain (loss) from the changes in fair value of the non-qualified foreign currency derivative contracts will be reported in the relevant non-GAAP financial measures, allowing quarterly results to reflect the economic effects of the foreign currency derivative contracts without the resulting unrealized mark to fair value volatility.



Non-GAAP Calculation of Corteva Base Tax Rate

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes (GAAP)	\$	(396)	\$ 8	\$ 1,629	\$ 2,101
Add: Significant items (benefit) charge		202	(21)	379	214
Non-operating (benefits) costs		(9)	(315)	(134)	(941)
Amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation)		177	180	533	543
Mark-to-market (gains) losses on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges		(6)	(19)	(3)	3
Less: Exchange gains (losses), net ²		(13)	2	(96)	(47)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes, significant items, non-operating (benefits) costs,					
amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), mark-to-market (gains) losses on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges, and exchange gains (losses) (Non-GAAP)	\$	(19)	\$ (169)	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,967
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes on continuing operations (GAAP)	\$	(74)	\$ (28)	\$ 372	\$ 434
Add: Tax benefits on significant items (benefit) charge		92	(4)	126	47
Tax expenses on non-operating (benefits) costs		(5)	(73)	(38)	(225)
Tax benefits on amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation)		40	40	119	120
Tax benefits on mark-to-market (gains) losses on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges		(2)	(4)	(1)	1
Tax benefits on exchange gains (losses) ²		(55)	(5)	(66)	(11)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes on continuing operations before significant items, non-operating					
(benefits) costs, amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), mark-to-market (gains) losses on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges, and exchange gains (losses) (Non-GAAP)	\$	(4)	\$ (74)	\$ 512	\$ 366
Effective income tax rate (GAAP)		18.7%	(350.0)%	22.8%	20.7%
Significant items, non-operating (benefits) costs, amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), and mark-to-market			, ,		
(gains) losses on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges effect		(222.5)%	393.9%	1.3%	(1.1)%
Tax rate from continuing operations before significant items, non-operating (benefits) costs, amortization of intangibles					
(existing as of Separation), and mark-to-market (gains) losses on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges		(203.8)%	43.9%	24.1%	19.6%
Exchange gains (losses), net effect ²		224.9%	(0.1)%	(3.6)%	(1.0)%
Base income tax rate from continuing operations (Non-GAAP) ¹		21.1%	43.8%	20.5%	18.6%

^{1.} Base income tax rate is defined as the effective tax rate excluding the impact of foreign exchange gains (losses), non-operating benefits (costs), amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), mark-to-market gains (losses) on certain foreign currency contracts not designated as hedges and significant items.

^{2.} Refer to page A-15 of the Financial Statement Schedules for further information on exchange gains (losses).



Non-GAAP Calculation of Free Cash Flow

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES (UNAUDITED) (dollars in millions)

		<u>4</u>		
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES TO	Low End		High End	
FREE CASH FLOW 1				
Cash provided by (used for) operating activities (GAAP)	\$	1,645	\$ 1,945	
Less: Capital expenditures		(645)	(645)	
Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP) ²	\$	1,000	\$ 1,300	

^{1.} This represents the reconciliation of the Company's range provided for its forward-looking non-GAAP financial measure relating to free cash flow.



2022

^{2.} Free cash flow is defined as cash provided by (used for) operating activities less capital expenditures.

Adavelt" active

Arylex" active

Inatreq* active

Isoclast[™] active

















Pyraxalt* active

Rinskor" active

Reklemel[™] active

Zorvec[™] active

















Product Disclosures

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